

Medication instructions for surgery patients

These instructions are to be followed before and after your surgery.

Our goal is to help you identify substances that will increase your tendency to bleed at the time of surgery and during the post-operative period.

Please **CONTINUE**

taking all **PRESCRIBED** blood thinning medications such as:

- Coumadin (Warfarin)
- Persantine (Dipyridamole)
- Pradaxa (Dabigatran)
- Plavix (Clopidogrel)
- Ticlid (Ticlopidine)
- Eliquis (apixaban)
- Aspirin *Continue your Aspirin if you have a history of atrial fibrillation, stents, blood clots, stroke, TIA or if your medical doctor recommends not stopping.*

Please **STOP**

taking all **NON-PRESCRIBED** blood thinning medications.

The following is a list of common over-the-counter medications and substances that may increase your tendency to bleed and **should be discontinued 2 weeks prior to surgery.**

| ASPIRIN BASED PRODUCTS (INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO): | ANTI-INFLAMMATORIES (INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO): | SUPPLEMENTS: |
|---|--|---------------------|
| ALKA SELTZER | ANAPROX/ALEVE | FISH OIL/OMEGA 3 |
| ANACIN, BUFFERIN | BRUFEN | GARLIC |
| ECOTRIN, EMPIRIN | DOLOEID | GINKGO BILOBA |
| EXCEDRIN | IBUPROFEN | MULTIVITAMINS |
| FLIORINAL | INDOMETHACIN | VITAMIN E |
| NORGESIC | MIDOL | |
| PERCODAN | MOTRIN | |
| ROBAXISAL | TRILISATE | |
| TRIGESIC | VOLTAREN | |
| VANQUISH | | |